

UPPER ROUND TWO

1. Which of the following English words is not related by etymology: terrace, disinter, deter, territory, or terrier?      DETER
- B1: From what Latin root verb is “deter” derived?      TERREŌ
- B2: From what Latin noun are the others derived?      TERRA
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2. Who, in 312 A.D., supposedly saw a cross and a sign in a dream and used his newfound faith to slaughter the troops of his opponent?
- (FLAVIUS VALERIUS CONSTANTINUS) / CONSTANTINE (I / THE GREAT)
- B1: Where did this battle take place?
- MILVIAN/MULVIAN BRIDGE / SAXA RUBRA      (prompt on “Rome” or “outside Rome”)
- B2: Who was Constantine’s opponent in this battle?
- (MARCUS AURELIUS VALERIUS) MAXENTIUS
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3. . What queen’s last moments were presided over by Iris, who cut a lock of hair after the queen committed suicide while watching the Trojan ships sail away from Carthage?
- DIDO’S
- B1: What sister of Dido was distraught to discover that Dido had killed herself?
- ANNA
- B2: What African chieftain had wanted to marry Dido, but had been rejected?
- IARBAS
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4. . What is the Latin motto of Yale University?      LŪX ET VĒRITĀS
- B1: What university has as its motto lūx, hominum vīta?      NEW MEXICO
- B2: The University of Michigan also has a three-word Latin motto meaning “the arts, knowledge, truth.” What is this Latin motto?      ARTĒS, SCIENTIA, VĒRITĀS

5. Give the genitive plural of *rēs*. RĒRUM  
B1: Give the accusative singular of *vīs*, meaning “force or violence.” VIM  
B2: Make “vim” plural. VĪRĒS / VĪRĪS
6. Which of the following is NOT found in the Forum Rōmānum: the Temple of Vesta, the Curia, the Column of Trajan, or the Basilica Julia?  
COLUMN OF TRAJAN  
B1: Of the Arch of Titus, the Curia, the Column of Trajan, or the Basilica Julia, which was built first?  
THE CURIA  
B2: Which of these structures was built to celebrate a victory over the Dacians?  
TRAJAN’S COLUMN
7. What two-word Latin phrase might be found in a document denying a lawyer’s motion because the conclusion did not logically follow from the arguments?  
NŌN SEQUITUR  
B1: What three-word Latin phrase might be found on a power-of-attorney document enabling another person to make decisions for a child in place of a parent?  
IN LOCŌ PARENTIS  
B2: What two-word Latin phrase is found on legal documents in which the accused does not wish to contest the charges brought against him?  
NŌLŌ CONTENDERE
8. Which island in mythology is described here? It was the site to which Dionysus took Ariadne after he rescued her from Naxos. Its entire male population was murdered by its dissatisfied women. Name this island, where Hephaestus landed after being thrown from heaven.  
LEMNOS  
B1: What daughter of the Lemnian king Thoas spared her father’s life during the women’s uprising by setting him afloat?  
HYPsipyle  
B2: To what later visitor to Lemnos did Hypsipyle bear two sons?  
JASON
9. When the Trojans awoke to find the horse sitting outside their city, they found only one man with it. Who was this supposedly abandoned Greek soldier?  
SINON  
B1: What two Trojan prophets unsuccessfully warned their countrymen about the horse – one with dire warnings, the other by launching a spear into its side?

CASSANDRA & LAOCOON

B2: Sinon's convincing story was that he had been abandoned by the contrivance of Odysseus and one of the Greek prophets. What Greek prophet was implicated in Sinon's lie?

CALCHAS

10. What are the case and use of the personal pronoun in the Latin sentence: Sunt mihi trēs sorōrēs?

DATIVE OF POSSESSION

B1: What other use of the dative case can be found in the sentence: Meae sorōrēs simillimae deābus fōrmā sunt?

DATIVE WITH SPECIAL ADJECTIVES

B2: What third use of the dative can be found in this sentence: Sorōrēs pecūniam sibi obtinēbant?

DATIVE OF REFERENCE / (DIS)ADVANTAGE

Tiebreaker

Which of the following is furthest east? Britannia, Dācia, Gallia, Hispānia, Mauretānia.

DĀCIA/DACIA

B1: Which of those is furthest south?

MAURETĀNIA/MAURETANIA

B2: Which of those is furthest north?

BRITANNIA/BRITANNIA